

VI/BSW/604

2014

(6th Semester)

BACHELOR OF SOCIAL WORK

Paper : BSW-604

(Substance Abuse, HIV/AIDS and Social Work)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

Answer all questions

- 1. Explain the terms 'use', 'misuse' and 'abuse'.**

3+3+4=10

Or

**Distinguish between Physical dependence
and Psychological dependence.**

5+5=10

- 2. "Substance abuse is a social problem."**

Comment.

10

14G—50/598a

(Turn Over)

Or

Discuss testing procedures in relation to HIV/AIDS.

3. What is stigma? Discuss stigma in relation to PLHAs. 3+7=10

Or

Discuss the impact of HIV/AIDS on families. 10

4. What is rehabilitation? Discuss the challenges in rehabilitation of substance abusers in Mizoram. 5+5=10

Or

What is advocacy? Discuss advocacy in the context of PLHAs. 5+5=10

5. Outline the scope of social group work with injecting drug users in an NGO. 10

Or

Discuss the scope of social case work with PLHAs in Mizoram.

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(6th Semester)

BACHELOR OF SOCIAL WORK

Paper : BSW-604

(Substance Abuse, HIV/AIDS and Social Work)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer **all** questions

A. Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. In the word HIV/AIDS, the letter 'I' stands for

(a) Immunity ()

(b) Immunal ()

(c) Immunes ()

(d) Immuno ()

(2)

2. Which of the following is not a lively cause of HIV/AIDS?

- (a) Spitting ()
- (b) Mosquito bite ()
- (c) Toilet-seat sharing ()
- (d) All of the above ()

3. The first knowledge on HIV/AIDS was generated in

- (a) India ()
- (b) Malaysia ()
- (c) United Kingdom ()
- (d) United States of America ()

4. Which of the following can be a substance of abuse?

- (a) Proxyvon ()
- (b) Tobacco ()
- (c) Solvents ()
- (d) All of the above ()

(3)

5. Which one of the following is associated with HIV/AIDS in India?

(a) NAROS ()

(b) NACO ()

(c) ASCO ()

(d) ADSO ()

6. Who among the following are at least risk of contracting HIV/AIDS?

(a) Men who have sex with men ()

(b) Women sex workers ()

(c) Women who have sex with women ()

(d) Injecting drug users ()

7. Which of the following is not related to addiction?

(a) Tolerance ()

(b) Craving ()

(c) Virtue ()

(d) Withdrawal ()

8. Taking a substance for a purpose, that it is not intended for, is called
- (a) use ()
 - (b) misuse ()
 - (c) abuse ()
 - (d) useless ()
9. A return to addictive behaviour following abstinence is called
- (a) relapse ()
 - (b) lapse ()
 - (c) withdrawal ()
 - (d) rehabilitation ()
10. In addition-related terminology, 'dependance' includes
- (a) physical dependence ()
 - (b) psychological dependence ()
 - (c) social dependence ()
 - (d) Both (a) and (b) ()

B. State whether the following statements are True (T) or False (F) by putting a Tick (✓) mark :

1. Rehabilitation of injecting drug users is not possible.

(T / F)

2. Amphetamines are known stimulants.

(T / F)

3. Hangovers are associated with tobacco consumption.

(T / F)

4. Narcotics include the substance caffeine.

(T / F)

5. A sedative is a substance that induces hyperactivity.

(T / F)

(6)

C. Answer the following questions : $2 \times 5 = 10$

1. List any two causes of substance abuse.

(7)

2. What does discrimination mean?

3. Discuss advocacy in relation to HIV/AIDS.

(8)

4. What does 'vulnerability' refer to?

(9)

5. Explain the terms HIV and AIDS.
