

VI/BSW/602

**2015
(6th Semester)
BACHELOR OF SOCIAL WORK**

Paper: BSW-602

(Social Defense)

Full marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B-DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

The questions are of equal value

1. Examine the scope of Social Defense in social work practice.

Or

Distinguish between negative and positive sanctions and their relevance in bringing about social order.

2. Examine the causes of Juvenile Delinquency. Illustrate with examples.

Or

Briefly discuss the consequences of crime against children.

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3. Discuss the roles of the judiciary in bringing about justice in India.

Or

Examine the roles and functions of the National Commission for Women in India.

4. Discuss the roles and functions of probation officer in a correctional setting.

Or

Suggest measures to improve the correctional setting in Mizoram.

5. What roles can Civil Society Organisations play to improve the Justice systems in Mizoram? Discuss.

Or

Examine the significance of Convention on the Elimination of all forms of Discrimination against Women (CEDAW) in India.

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(PART : A-OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

I. Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided: 1x10=10

1. Somations are

- (a) Positive ()
- (b) Negative ()
- (c) Positive and Negative ()
- (d) None of the above ()

2. Laws are made by
- (a) Governments ()
 - (b) Non-Government Organisations ()
 - (c) Families ()
 - (d) All of the above ()
3. The Protection of women from Domestic Violence Act was passed in
- (a) 2004 ()
 - (b) 2005 ()
 - (c) 2006 ()
 - (d) 2007 ()
4. Children who are victims of Several abuse comes under the purview of
- (a) The Juvenile Justice Board ()
 - (b) The Child Welfare Committee ()
 - (c) The Session Court ()
 - (d) All of the above ()

5. The Commission for Protection of Child Rights Act in India was passed in
- (a) 2004 ()
 - (b) 2005 ()
 - (c) 2006 ()
 - (d) 2007 ()
6. The National Commission in Women Act was passed in
- (a) 1990 ()
 - (b) 1991 ()
 - (c) 1992 ()
 - (d) 1993 ()
7. In Mizoram, women in conflict with law are rehabilitated in
- (a) Shelter Homes ()
 - (b) Protective Home ()
 - (c) Women's Home ()
 - (d) None of the above ()

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8. Observation Homes comes under
- (a) Institutional Services ()
 - (b) Non-Institutional services ()
 - (c) Institutional and Non-institutional services()
 - (d) None of the above ()
9. The Convention on the elimination of all forms of discrimination against women (CEDAW) was adopted by
- (a) The Government of India ()
 - (b) The United Nations General Assembly ()
 - (c) The Government of Mizoram ()
 - (d) None of the above ()
10. Social Defense include
- (a) Substance abuse ()
 - (b) Beggary ()
 - (c) Immoral Trafficking ()
 - (d) All of the above ()

II. Write True (T) or False (F) in the brackets provided: 1x5=5

1. Laws are formal sanctions. ()
2. Civil Society Organisations cannot provide institutional services for children in conflict with law. ()
3. Special Juvenile Police Units are only meant for children in conflict with law. ()
4. The Protection of children against Sexual Offence Act was passed in 2012. ()
5. Social Defense is a field in Social Work. ()

III. Answer the following questions.

2x5=10

1. Explain the concept of Social Defense.

2. Define physical abuse of children.

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3. List out 4 roles the police with children in conflict with law.

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4. Explain a non-institutional service.

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5. List out 4 roles of a social worker in a correctional setting.

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