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(6th Semester)

HISTORY

TWELFTH (C) PAPER

(History of Modern China)

(Pre-revised and Revised)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—A

(Marks : 10)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

1. The Ching Dynasty lasted from

- (a) 1644–1912 ()
- (b) 1271–1368 ()
- (c) 1368–1644 ()
- (d) 1554–1897 ()

2. The gentry gained national political influence directly from

- (a) intellectual accomplishments ()
- (b) wealth ()
- (c) property ()
- (d) religion ()

3. Which Treaty was concluded after the end of the First Opium War?
- (a) Treaty of Nanking ()
 - (b) Treaty of Paris ()
 - (c) Treaty of Peking ()
 - (d) Treaty of Kanghwa ()
4. The Cohong consisted of
- (a) half-a-dozen to a dozen firms ()
 - (b) five to ten firms ()
 - (c) eleven to eighteen firms ()
 - (d) seven to twelve firms ()
5. Taiping Revolution was crushed in 1864 by
- (a) Manchu rulers ()
 - (b) Ming rulers ()
 - (c) Tang rulers ()
 - (d) Yuan rulers ()
6. The Muslim Rebellion in Yunnan lasted from
- (a) 1855–1870 ()
 - (b) 1855–1873 ()
 - (c) 1855–1865 ()
 - (d) 1855–1885 ()
7. The Boxer Rebellion was suppressed by the joint army of
- (a) England, Russia and Japan ()
 - (b) England, Russia and Germany ()
 - (c) England, Germany and Japan ()
 - (d) England, Germany and France ()
8. The May Fourth Movement was
- (a) Agrarian Movement ()
 - (b) Religious Movement ()
 - (c) Cultural and National Movement ()
 - (d) Socioeconomic Movement ()

9. Who is known as the father of Chinese Revolution?

- (a) Yuan Shikai ()
- (b) Dr. Sun Yat-sen ()
- (c) Li Ta-chao ()
- (d) Mao Zedong ()

10. Which of the following was the principle of Koumintang Party?

- (a) San-Min-Chu-i ()
- (b) Confucianism ()
- (c) Taoism ()
- (d) Daoism ()

SECTION—B

(Marks : 15)

Answer any *five* of the following :

3×5=15

1. Who were the Manchus?
2. Write the weakness of the examination system of the Chinese Government.
3. Write a short note on Canton System of trade.
4. Who were the Hong merchants?
5. Who were the Hakka?
6. What were the principal causes for the failure of the Reform of 1898?
7. Write a short note on the Civil War among the Warlords.
8. Write a note on the Boxer Protocol.
9. What is meant by the 'Great Leap Forward'?
10. Explain the New Socialist Man.

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

The questions are of equal value

1. (a) What were the causes of the downfall of the Manchu Dynasty?

OR

(b) Throw light on the land and taxation systems of China.

2. (a) Review the process of the British attempts to change the Canton System of trade.

OR

(b) Discuss the political and economic consequences of the Treaty of Tientsin.

3. (a) Highlight the limitations and repercussions of the Self-Strengthening Movement.

OR

(b) Critically examine the Reform of 'Hundred Days'.

4. (a) Discuss the origin of the Boxer Rebellion and its consequences.

OR

(b) Discuss in detail the emergence of the Republic under Yuan Shikai.

5. (a) Analyze the factors that led to the outbreak of the Sino-Japanese War. What were its effects?

OR

(b) Write a note on the birth of the Communist Party in China.

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